

## 2.2.3 Quantification restreinte

(7) Tous les profs sont gentils.

①  $\forall/\exists$  quantif. non restreints.  
 $\forall x$   $\forall/\exists$

② langue naturelle :  
 phrases quantificatives  
 $\rightarrow$  restreintes

Tous les profs sont gentils.  
 restriction portée (scope)

$$\forall x (P_x \rightarrow G_x)$$

$$0 \rightarrow 0 = 1$$

$$0 \rightarrow 1 = 1$$

$$0 \rightarrow ? = 1$$

Aucun prof n'est gentil.

$$\forall x (P_x \rightarrow \neg G_x)$$

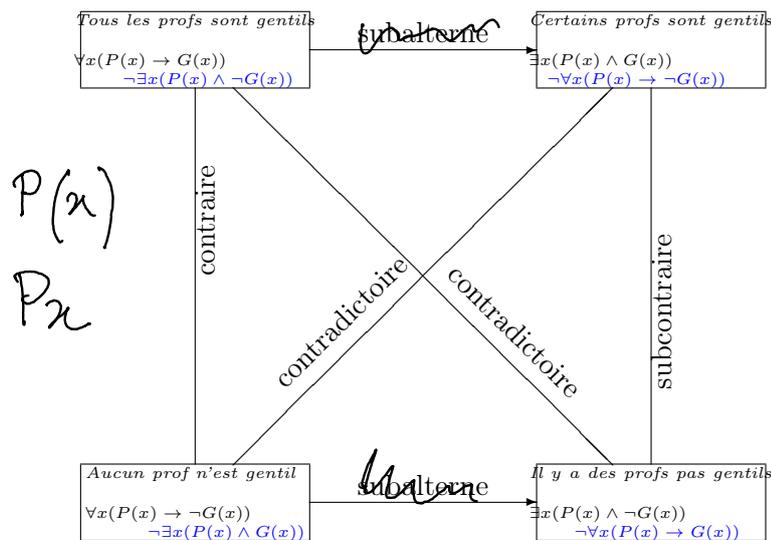
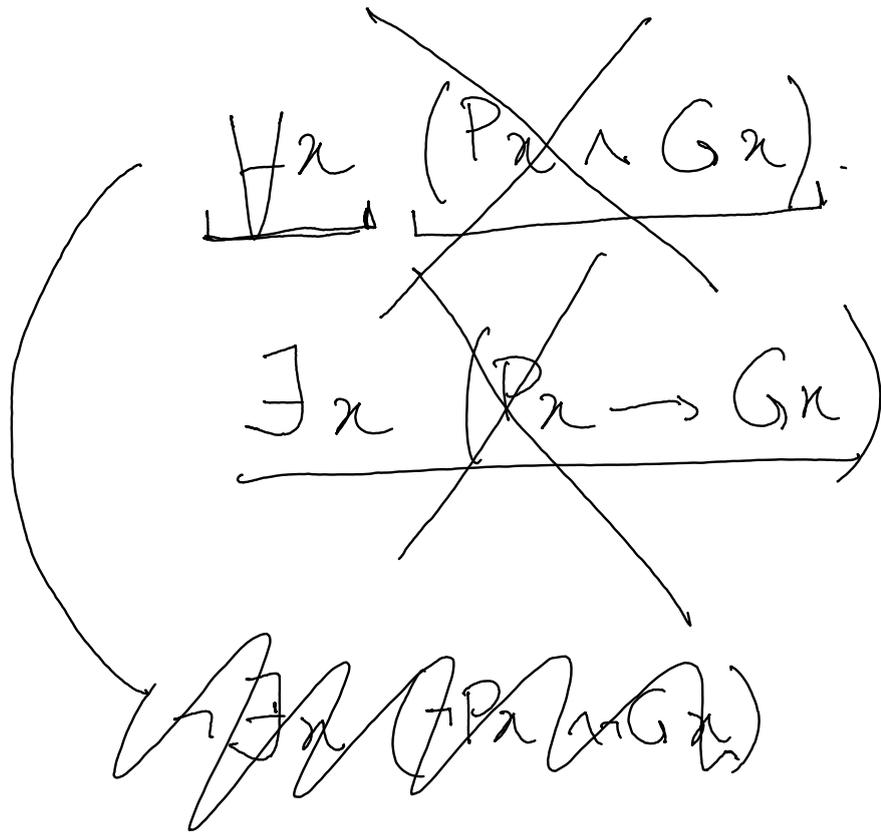


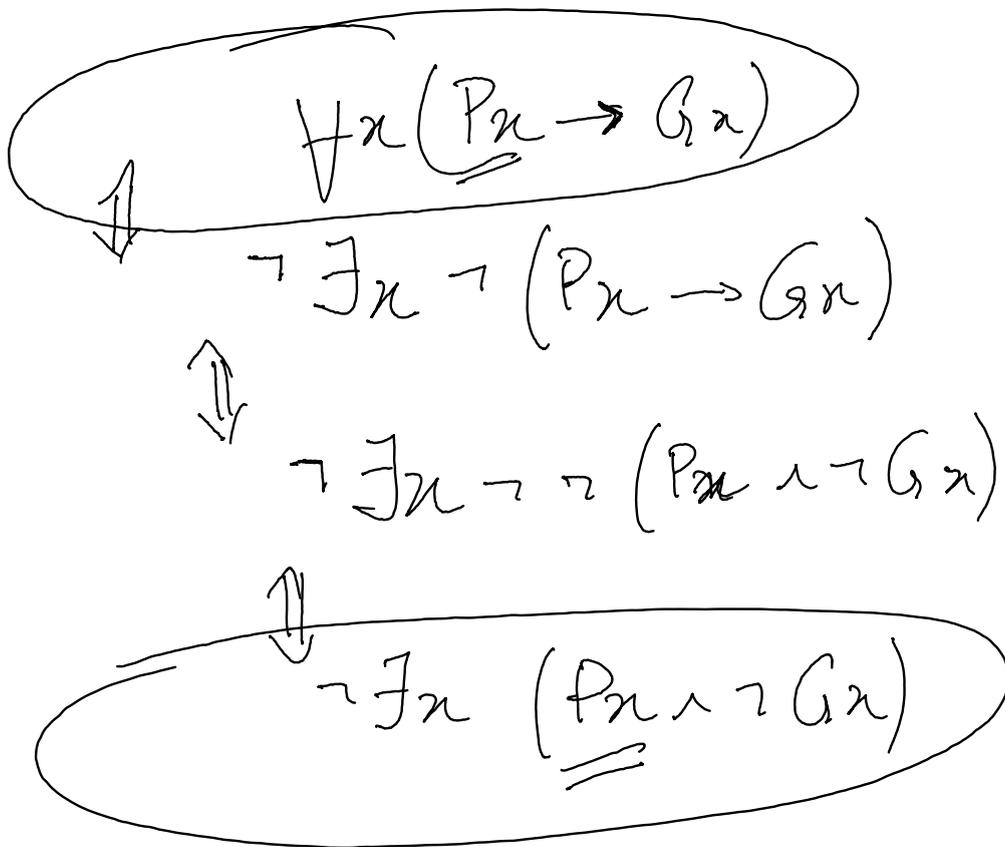
FIGURE 2.2 – Carré d'Aristote, quantification restreinte

Tous les profs sont gentils  $\forall x (P_x \rightarrow G_x)$   
 Aucun prof n'est g.  $\forall x (P_x \rightarrow \neg G_x)$   
 $\neg \exists x (P_x \wedge G_x)$

Tous les profs  $\forall x (P_x \rightarrow \text{shaded circle})$   
 Certains profs  $\exists x (P_x \wedge \text{shaded square})$



$$\begin{aligned} &\equiv \neg \exists x \neg (P_x \wedge G_x) \\ &\equiv \neg \exists x \neg (\neg P_x \vee \neg G_x) \\ (p \wedge q) &\equiv \neg (\neg p \vee \neg q) \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \forall x \Phi &\equiv \neg \exists x \neg \Phi \\ \hline (p \rightarrow q) &\equiv \neg (p \wedge \neg q) \\ \hline \neg \neg p &\equiv p \end{aligned}$$

$$\neg \exists x (\neg P_x \wedge G_x)$$