

- (1) [Thierry Henry] contre-attaque. [L'attaquant des Bleus] s'est longuement exprimé sur [RTL] et [L'Equipe] lundi pour répondre à [[ses] détracteurs]... Quelques mots en conférence de presse, un message d'excuse sur [Twitter] et un communiqué mûrement réfléchi... Depuis cinq jour que [[sa] main] enflamme [la planète football], les explications de [Henry] étaient lapidaires. Du coup, lundi, [le capitaine [des Bleus]] est passé à la contre-offensive. S'[il] y a bien une chose qui a révulsé [Thierry Henry], c'est le manque de soutien au plus fort de la tempête.
- (2) « Tu₄ es mariée₁, et je₂ n'ai pu l'¹empêcher; mais si mon²₃ bonheur, si mes³₅ jours te⁴₇ sont chers, il faut qu'avant mon⁵₆ départ je⁶ te⁷ voie, ne fût-ce que cinq minutes ». Frantext, N253 (Scribe, *Le mariage de raison*).
- (3) « Autrefois j'³avais une servante₁ — jeune et jolie; c'¹était la fille d'une pauvre femme; — mais on₂ jasait dans la maison, et quand on²₄ rencontrait ma³₆ domestique₅, on⁴ lui⁵ chantait sur l'escalier : “allons, Babet, un peu de complaisance.”⁷ J'⁶ai entendu ça⁷ un jour₈ — et ça⁸ m'⁹a fâché ». Frantext, L863 (Murger, *Scènes de la vie de jeunesse*).
- (4) Anaphora can be difficult to resolve... (Mitkov, 2002)
- Fried eggs should be cooked properly and if there are frail or elderly people in the house, they should be hard-boiled.
 - Autumn leaves may cause a problem for the elderly, especially when they fall and become a wet and soggy mess on the ground.
 - If these shoes don't fit your feet, you can exchange them.
 - If an incendiary bomb drops near you, don't lose your head. Put it in a bucket and cover it with sand.
- (5) Winograd Challenge pairs
- Pete envies Martin [because/although] he is very successful.
Who is very successful?
 - I was trying to balance the bottle upside down on the table, but I couldn't do it because it was so [top-heavy/uneven].
What was [top-heavy/uneven]?
 - I spread the cloth on the table in order to [protect/display] it.
To [protect/display] what? (Levesque et al., 2012)
- (6) a. Susan knew that Ann's son had been in a car accident, [so/because] she told her about it. Who told the other about the accident?
Answers : Susan/Ann.
- b. Joe's uncle can still beat him at tennis, even though he is 30 years [older/younger]. Who is [older/younger]?
Answers : Joe's uncle/Joe.
- (7) a. Les gardiens ont donné les fruits aux singes parce qu'ils étaient pourris.
b. Les gardiens ont donné les fruits aux singes parce qu'ils étaient affamés.
c. Les gardiens ont donné les fruits aux singes parce qu'ils étaient rassasiés.
- (8) a. Paul est très fier de [[sa] nouvelle voiture].
b. Max a pris deux livres, et Paul [en] a pris trois.
- (9) [Jason] has [a Porsche] and [Katrin] has [a Focus]. [They] drive [them] all the time.
- (10) a. Jason almost bought [a Porsche], but [the color] wasn't at his taste.
b. John can open Bill's safe. He knows the combination. (Hobbs, 1979)
c. Nous arrivâmes dans un village mais l'église était fermée.

- (11) a. [No Frenchman] believes that World Cup referees treated [his] team fairly.
 b. Si cet établissement a un tenancier, alors le tenancier est hollandais.
 (van der Sandt, 1992)
- (12) a. La plupart des étudiants acceptent que le professeur [les] interroge.
- (13) a. Jason tried [5 Porsches] this week-end. This tells you how much he likes [them].
 b. Max a aperçu [trois éléphants], et Léa en a vu un. (Milner, 1982)
- (14) a. Bush a rencontré Poutine et Merkel et Poutine a insisté pour que...
- (15) a. Le président et le directeur ~~de la compagnie ont~~ été convoqués mais seul le directeur a été interrogé.
 b. Thierry Henry ... Henry ...
- (16) a. [Thierry Henry] contre-attaque. [L'attaquant des Bleus] s'est exprimé...
- (17) John [went to the party], but Mary didn't [0].
- (18) a. [le massacre de [la grotte d'Ouvéa en Nouvelle-Calédonie]]
 b. One of the two honorable guests in the studio is Professor Zhou Hanhua from the Institute of Law of the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.
 c. I think in fact, we can sum up many beneficial experiences from this case and actually extend them to other areas.
- (19) a. John went to the party and Mary to the bar.
 b. John went to the party and Mary did to the bar.
 c. John was mad at Mary but she didn't know why.
- (20) John went [to the station]. Mary met him [there].
- (21) She bought three pairs of shoes last month, and another [one] this week.
- (22) There are two roads to eternity , a straight and narrow, and a broad and crooked
- (23) Jason bought [a Focus]_i.
 a. #She_i /It_i is beautiful.
 b. He likes #them_i /it_i .
 c. He likes #you_i /it_i .
- (24) a. Jason_i bought himself_{i/*j} a silver Focus.
 b. Jason_i bought him_{*i/j} a silver Focus.
- (25) a. Jason bought [a coupé]. [That car] cost him a fortune. (coupé ∈ car)
 b. Jason is so happy about [his new car]. He drove [it] around all day long. (selectional restrictions)
- (26) Jason has a Focus. Nick has a Volvo. Emmy likes to drive it. [it=a Volvo]
- (27) Jason needed a new car. He decided he wanted something more sporty. Nick went with him to the car dealers. He bought a Porsche. [He=Jason]
- (28) Jason went to the car dealers with Nick. He bought a Porsche. [He=Jason]
- (29) Hsu Tsang-houei, le doyen de la musique taïwanaise, est décédé à la suite d'une chute.
- (30) Jacques Langlois, jusqu'à présent chef de rayon chez Carrefour, est devenu directeur des ventes.